## LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AQRC</td>
<td>Air Quality Research Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AQS</td>
<td>Air Quality System database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPA</td>
<td>U.S. Environmental Protection Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIPS</td>
<td>Hybrid Integrating Plate/Sphere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMPROVE</td>
<td>Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAREL</td>
<td>National Air and Radiation Environmental Laboratory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NESCAUM</td>
<td>Northeast States for Coordinated Air Use Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPS</td>
<td>National Park Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAQPS</td>
<td>EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PE</td>
<td>Performance Evaluation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PI</td>
<td>Principal Investigator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM$_{2.5}$</td>
<td>Particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in diameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PM$_{10}$</td>
<td>Particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PO</td>
<td>Project Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE</td>
<td>Polytetrafluoroethylene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QA</td>
<td>Quality Assurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QAPP</td>
<td>Quality Assurance Project Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QC</td>
<td>Quality Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QMP</td>
<td>Quality Management Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOP</td>
<td>Standard Operating Procedure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQL</td>
<td>Structured Query Language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOA</td>
<td>Thermal/Optical Analysis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSA</td>
<td>Technical System Audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XRF</td>
<td>X-Ray Fluorescence</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1. AQRC laboratory organizational chart ............................................................................ 8
1. TITLE AND APPROVAL SHEET

The following signatures indicate agreement with the procedures specified within this plan and a commitment to deliver the details of this plan.

Air Quality Research Center

Anthony Wexler, AQRC Director
9/30/2021

Nicole Hyslop, Principal Investigator
9/30/2021

Sean Raffuse, Software & Analysis Group Manager
9/30/2021

Harold Brunette, Program Manager
9/30/2021

Jason Giacomo, Laboratory Group Manager
9/30/2021

Nicholas Spada, AQRC QA Manager
9/30/2021

Environmental Protection Agency

Jeff Yane, EPA/EAQPS Project Officer
10/13/2021

McBrian, Jenia
Digitally signed by McBrian, Jenia
Date: 2021.10.13 14:35:36 -04'00'

Jenia McBrian, EPA/EAQPS Quality Assurance Manager

Date
2. **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

List of Acronyms and Abbreviations ................................................................. ii
List of Figures ........................................................................................................ iii

1. Title and Approval Sheet ................................................................................... 1
2. Table of Contents ............................................................................................... 2
3. Distribution List .................................................................................................. 3

4. Program Management ....................................................................................... 3

4.1. Introduction ...................................................................................................... 3
4.2. Quality Assurance Policy ................................................................................ 5
4.3. Roles and Responsibilities .............................................................................. 5
4.4. External Quality Assurance .......................................................................... 9

5. Quality System Description ............................................................................... 9

5.1. Description of the Analytical Laboratory ...................................................... 9
5.2. Quality Assurance System .......................................................................... 9
5.2.1. Laboratory-Based QA/QC ......................................................................... 9
5.2.2. Data Validation .......................................................................................... 9
5.2.3. Management Review ................................................................................ 10

5.3. Quality Documents ....................................................................................... 10

5.3.1. Quality Management Plan (QMP) .............................................................. 10
5.3.2. Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) ....................................................... 10
5.3.3. Technical Information (TI) Documents ..................................................... 10
5.3.4. External Audit Reports ............................................................................ 10
5.3.5. Annual Data Quality Reports .................................................................. 11
5.3.6. Quarterly Metadata Report ....................................................................... 11
5.3.7. Quarterly Site Status Reports ................................................................. 11
5.3.8. Monthly Status Reports .......................................................................... 11

6. Personnel Qualifications and Training ............................................................. 11

6.1. Personnel Qualifications ............................................................................. 11
6.2. Training ......................................................................................................... 11
6.3. Certification ................................................................................................. 12

7. Procurement of Items and Services ................................................................. 12

8. Records and Documentation .......................................................................... 12

8.1. Document Hierarchy and Process ............................................................... 12

8.1.1. Hierarchy .................................................................................................. 12
8.1.2. Document Creation and Review Process .................................................. 13

8.2. Deposition and Storage of Documents and Records .................................. 13

9. Computer Software and Hardware ............................................................... 13

10. Planning and Implementation of Work Process ............................................. 14

11. Implementation of Work ................................................................................. 14

12. Data Quality Assessments ............................................................................ 14

12.1. Independent Assessments .......................................................................... 14
12.2. Internal Assessments .................................................................................. 15

13. Quality Improvement ..................................................................................... 15

14. References ...................................................................................................... 16
3. DISTRIBUTION LIST

Air Quality Research Center (AQRC)

Anthony Wexler, AQRC Director
Nicole Hyslop, Principal Investigator
Sean Raffuse, Software & Analysis Group Manager
Harold Brunette, Program Manager
Jason Giacomo, Laboratory Group Manager
Nicholas Spada, AQRC QA Manager

Research Triangle Institute (RTI)

Keith Levine, RTI Director of Analytical Sciences
Tracy Dombek, Program Manager
Laura Haines, RTI QA Manager

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

Joann Rice, EPA/OAQPS Technical Lead
Jeff Yane, EPA/OAQPS Project Officer
Doug Jager, EPA/OAQPS Data Quality Assurance Officer
Melinda Beaver, EPA/OAQPS Program Manager

4. PROGRAM MANAGEMENT

The purpose of this section is to document the overall quality assurance policy, scope, applicability, and management responsibilities associated with the analytical laboratory at the Air Quality Research Center (AQRC) at the University of California, Davis. This section describes the laboratory, organization, and management as it relates to quality assurance.

4.1. Introduction

AQRC operates an analytical laboratory designed for the analysis of environmental samples. The laboratory conducts the following chemical and physical measurements:

- X-ray fluorescence (XRF) analysis for identifying and quantifying the elemental composition of samples. XRF analysis is accomplished using PANalytical Epsilon 5 analyzers.
- Gravimetric mass measurements to quantify the mass of samples. Mettler XP-6 microbalances are used for these measurements.
- Hybrid Integrating Plate/Sphere (HIPS) analysis to measure light absorption (633 nm, red) in ambient samples.
- Thermal/Optical Analysis (TOA) to measure operationally-defined organic and elemental carbon fractions in ambient samples.
Almost all of the analytical laboratory measurements conducted in the AQRC are performed in support of two federally-funded studies: 1) The Interagency Monitoring of Protected Visual Environments (IMPROVE) program is designed to measure the concentration and composition of fine particles in remote areas to document long-term trends. The resulting data support visibility data analysis under the Federal Regional Haze Rule. 2) The Chemical Speciation Network (CSN) performs similar fine particulate measurements but the monitoring sites are located in urban areas and the focus is on providing data to support the understanding of the effects of air pollution on human health.

AQRC’s work in support of IMPROVE is performed with funding from a contract with the National Park Service (NPS). NPS obtains the funding to support this contract from a number of government agencies, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), U.S. Forest Service, and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. AQRC has operated the IMPROVE fine particle measurements program under successive contracts since 1988.

Fine particle monitoring in the IMPROVE Program is achieved using the IMPROVE aerosol sampler. The standard IMPROVE sampler has four sampling modules, designed to obtain a complete signature of the composition of the airborne particles that affect visibility. Modules 1A (polytetrafluoroethylene or PTFE), 2B (nylon), and 3C (quartz) collect fine particles smaller than 2.5 µm in aerodynamic diameter (PM$_{2.5}$). Module 4D (PTFE) collects particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM$_{10}$). Module A provides most of the fine particle data; analysis for PM$_{2.5}$ mass, elements from XRF, and the coefficient of optical absorption from the HIPS measurement are all performed at AQRC. Module 2B, with a denuder before the filter to remove acidic gases, is used for ion analysis, conducted at Research Triangle Institute (RTI; Research Triangle Park, NC); this work is performed on a separate contract between NPS and RTI. Module 3C measures carbon in eight temperature fractions through a thermal optical analysis (TOA) method conducted at the Desert Research Institute (DRI; Reno, NV); this work is performed on a separate contract between NPS and DRI. Approximately 20,000 filters are collected each year in each of the four modules. AQRC assembles the final ambient concentration data set for all analyses, performs data validation, and submits the final results to the Federal Land Manager Environmental Database (FED) and EPA’s Air Quality System (AQS) database.

AQRC supports the CSN with funding from a contract with the U.S. EPA. Samples are prepared by another contractor and are collected in the field by local agency personnel. PM$_{2.5}$ PTFE and nylon filter samples are collected using the MetOne SASS sampler, and quartz filter samples are collected using the URG 3000N sampler. Approximately 13,000 filters of each type are collected each year. At AQRC, PTFE filters are analyzed by XRF for elements and quartz filter samples are analyzed by TOA for carbon. As a subcontractor to UCD AQRC, RTI analyzes nylon filter samples for ions using ion chromatography. AQRC assembles the final ambient concentration data set for all analyses, performs data validation, and submits the final results to the EPA’s Air Quality System (AQS) database.
Separate supporting quality assurance and quality control documentation (e.g., SOPs) have been developed for IMPROVE and for CSN. There are, however, many similarities between the networks since many of the same analytical methods and data handling practices are employed.

4.2. Quality Assurance Policy

The quality assurance mission of the AQRC can be summarized as follows:

- Achieve the highest data capture possible.
- Use generally accepted best practices in science, engineering, technology, and data management.
- Quantify and understand the quality of our data. Be vigilant, introspective, and questioning. Confront problems with clarity and intellectual openness.
- Be transparent in the communication of our knowledge of our measurements. Provide data users with the information they need to conduct unbiased analyses.

The overall policy of the laboratory is intended to support this mission. AQRC staff work closely to implement the highest level of Quality Management Practices with quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) measures. The quality policy of the laboratory is to maintain a consistent level of Quality Management to provide the most accurate, precise, and representative data available.

4.3. Roles and Responsibilities

The AQRC organizational chart is shown in Figure 1. Descriptions are provided here for the AQRC management and quality assurance team.

Dr. Anthony Wexler is Director of the AQRC. He is responsible for directing and implementing University and program specific policies at AQRC. Dr. Wexler holds ultimate responsibility for the financial and safety performance of AQRC.

Oversight of operations for the CSN and IMPROVE programs at AQRC is the responsibility of the Principal Investigator, Dr. Nicole Hyslop. For each program, Dr. Hyslop is responsible for financial oversight, staff management, program deliverables, and problem resolution.

The laboratory manager is Dr. Jason Giacomo. He is responsible for day-to-day operation of the AQRC Laboratory Group, including setting priorities and schedules for the laboratory staff, providing guidance to staff in solving problems, directing calibrations and instrument maintenance, reviewing and assessing data quality, and approving the release of data to the Data & Reporting Group for validation.

Dr. Giacomo is assisted by several laboratory staff:

- A Spectroscopist oversees the technical details associated with analytical analyses and laboratory quality assurance. They are responsible for reviewing calibrations,
reviewing quality control test data, reviewing XRF spectra, devising analysis protocols to meet study objectives, and diagnosing instrument problems and recommending solutions.

- Two laboratory technicians oversee the operation of the sample handling and gravimetric weighing laboratory. They are responsible for the sample receiving, shipping, and labeling of IMPROVE samples. They are also responsible for the operation and maintenance of the gravimetric balances.
- Two laboratory technicians operate the XRF and HIPS instruments. They are responsible for routine changing of samples, maintaining analysis records, processing data, performing quality control tests, and performing routine instrument maintenance such as liquid nitrogen fills and automated detector calibrations.
- One laboratory technician operates the TOA instruments. They are responsible for routine analysis of samples, maintaining analysis records, preparation of standard solutions, and performing routine instrument maintenance.

The AQRC Software & Analysis Group Manager is Mr. Sean Raffuse, who oversees development of the CSN SQL database and software for laboratory operations, validation, and data analysis. The AQRC Software & Analysis Group Manager oversees technical staff who share responsibilities for database management and programming. Responsibilities include:

1. Maintaining and upgrading the data management system (see Section 5.10) including the SQL Server database, data processing and visualization tools, and data reporting and data input forms;
2. Working with staff to identify, map, design, and implement improvements to the data management system;
3. Testing, verifying, and documenting modifications to the system;
4. Importing and processing new data and associated metadata into the database system;
5. Designing and maintaining an archival system for all data and metadata records and source files.

The Data & Reporting Group Manager oversees data validation and delivery operations, including technical staff responsible for data validation and submission. This position is currently vacant; however, the duties are being performed by Dr. Nicky Young. Responsibilities include:

1. Reviewing the components of the measurements (flow rates, concentrations, etc.) in preparation for final data validation;
2. Working with laboratory staff to resolve problems or discrepancies encountered during data review;
3. Validating the final data set, with input as needed from data analysts;
4. Submitting CSN data set to the DART system for SLT review;
5. Communicating with SLT data validators to resolve discrepancies;
6. Formatting the data to meet AQS and FED standards;
7. Submitting the final data sets to AQS (CSN and IMPROVE) and FED (IMPROVE).
Mr. Harold Brunette is the AQRC Program Manager. As Program Manager, his responsibilities include:

1. Preparing reports and program deliverables for the EPA, with input from other project staff;
2. Preparing and editing various project-related documents such as position descriptions, technical reports, and meeting summaries;
3. Assisting in the editing of the SOPs, QAPP, and QMP;
4. Financial tracking, including preparation of budgets and submitting monthly budget summaries to the Principal Investigator;
5. Tracking the number of samples analyzed under each Delivery Order as input to the monthly invoices;
6. Coordinating subcontract activities for ion analysis with RTI;
7. Coordinating the purchasing of supplies and equipment;
8. Coordinating the recruitment and hiring of new staff, as needed; and
9. Scheduling and tracking the flow of data from the laboratories through DART and on to final submittal to ensure that schedules for each monthly submittal are met.

The AQRC QA Manager monitors quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) for the CSN program at UC Davis, and in this role, Dr. Nicholas Spada reports to the AQRC Director. As such, the AQRC QA Manager can report problems to AQRC’s highest level of management, independent of the CSN project structure. In practice, the AQRC QA Manager will work closely with the Principal Investigator with the expectation that most problems can be solved without involvement from the AQRC Director. Responsibilities include:

1. Reviewing the efforts of other AQRC staff to investigate problems identified during data review and to recommend corrective actions;
2. Reviewing control charts and other data quality reports from AQRC and RTI to assess the achievement of MQOs;
3. Performing periodic in-lab and data review audits of data quality for the AQRC and RTI laboratories;
4. Conducting an annual review of the SOPs, QAPP, and QMP for both AQRC and RTI;
5. Hosting external auditors;
6. Distributing EPA-provided Performance Evaluation (PE) samples within AQRC and summarizing PE analysis results.
Figure 1. AQRC laboratory organizational chart. Structure as it pertains to roles and responsibilities discussed in Section 4.3.
4.4. **External Quality Assurance**

Through its participation in IMPROVE and CSN, the AQRC is audited by the U.S. EPA OAQPS or by an assigned audit contractor.

5. **QUALITY SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

A quality system is defined as a structured and documented management system describing the policies, objectives, principles, organizational authority, responsibilities, accountability, and implementation of an organization for ensuring quality in its work processes, products (items), and services. The quality system provides the framework for planning, implementing, and assessing work performed by the organization and for carrying out required QA and QC. This section will describe the principal components and implementation of the quality system.

5.1. **Description of the Analytical Laboratory**

The analytical laboratories at the AQRC include:

- The XRF Laboratory contains five PANalytical Epsilon 5 XRF instruments, used for quantification of the elemental composition of samples.
- The Sample Handling Laboratory contains two Mettler XP-6 microbalances and one MTL environmentally-controlled weighing chamber, used for weighing filters both before and after sampling.
- The Light Absorption Laboratory contains a HIPS system that was custom designed and built at AQRC.
- The TOA Laboratory contains five Sunset Thermal/Optical OC/EC analyzers, used for measuring carbon fractions on quartz filters.

Additionally, the AQRC has unique expertise in the preparation of standard reference materials used for the calibration of the Epsilon 5 XRF analyzers. An aerosol generation chamber designed and built at AQRC is used for preparing standards on the same filter media as ambient samples and in the same concentration range as typical ambient samples.

5.2. **Quality Assurance System**

5.2.1. **Laboratory-Based QA/QC**

Technical staff in the laboratory review quality control test data on a daily basis to monitor instrument performance. Tests include reviewing calibrations and calibration checks, reviewing XRF spectra, reviewing TOA thermograms, assessing performance against routine quality control criteria, and maintaining analysis records.

5.2.2. **Data Validation**

Data undergo validation checks by the Data & Reporting Group technical staff who function independently of the routine laboratory operations. Data validation is performed...
in batches of one to three months of processed data. The analytical data are processed to ambient concentrations; as such, they are not raw analytical data and can reveal abnormalities that might only be apparent in the final processed data. Some validation checks involve cross-comparisons from independent measurements, such as comparing sulfur measured by XRF to sulfate measured by ion chromatography.

During the data validation process the data analysts have the authority to request reanalysis of suspect samples. The proportion of samples requiring reanalysis is typically small, less than one percent of the total, but can inform problem resolution during data validation.

5.2.3. Management Review

Data processing and validation are discussed in weekly meetings with the Data & Reporting Group Manager. The data analysts present any major problems that were found during data validation and explain how the problems were resolved or, alternatively, why the data were declared invalid. Data are released only after all identified issues have been resolved.

5.3. Quality Documents

Several quality documents support and describe the CSN and IMPROVE operations at AQRC.

5.3.1. Quality Management Plan (QMP)

This QMP (described herein) outlines the management structure and how the QA system is implemented. The QMP is reviewed and updated annually.

5.3.2. Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)

Each aspect of the laboratory and validation process has an SOP that describes the procedures that are used. Each SOP is reviewed and updated annually. The SOPs can be found at:

  IMPROVE – http://vista.cira.colostate.edu/Improve/sops/

  CSN – https://aqrc.ucdavis.edu/documentation

5.3.3. Technical Information (TI) Documents

Many of the SOPs have supporting TI documents that describe specific procedures in further detail. Each TI is reviewed and updated annually.

5.3.4. External Audit Reports

External laboratory audits are described in Section 12.1. These audits are conducted by the U.S. EPA OAQPS or by an assigned audit contractor. An audit report is produced by OAQPS following each audit. AQRC staff review and comment on a draft of the audit report before it is finalized by OAQPS.
5.3.5. Annual Data Quality Reports
Data quality reports are produced annually for both CSN and IMPROVE to summarize findings and provide recommendations for changes that could improve data quality.

5.3.6. Quarterly Metadata Report
Metadata is assembled and reported quarterly to OAQPS for CSN.

5.3.7. Quarterly Site Status Reports
A summary of IMPROVE site status relative to the Federal Regional Haze Rule criteria is assembled and reported quarterly to OAQPS, NPS, and other stakeholders.

5.3.8. Monthly Status Reports
Status reports are produced and delivered monthly to OAQPS for CSN.

6. PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS AND TRAINING

6.1. Personnel Qualifications
The qualifications required for each position are listed in a Position Description on file at AQRC and UC Davis Human Resources Department. The Position Descriptions are prepared by the respective group managers and Principal Investigator to reflect the nature and duties of each position. Personnel assigned will meet the educational, work experience, responsibility, personal attributes, and training requirements for their positions.

Qualifications for positions in the laboratories include experience in collecting and analyzing quality control data. These qualifications can be met through experience in prior employment or through coursework in related fields such as analytical chemistry. These qualifications are documented for each employee through entries on their job applications and resumes.

Qualifications must be maintained throughout the course of employment. Laboratory staff routinely conduct quality control tests (replicate analyses, etc.) and analyze the results of these tests, which are reviewed by the Laboratory Manager. The Laboratory Manager will require that staff receive additional training if the test results decline and qualifications need to be refreshed.

6.2. Training
AQRC policy dictates that training is required for all staff to ensure understanding of quality requirements. Appropriate training is made available to staff commensurate with their duties. Because new employees are screened for proper qualifications before being hired, it is expected that each person will have the necessary scientific background and knowledge to perform the job. Hence, training is focused on the specific tasks performed at the AQRC. New employees typically begin by reading the SOPs and TI Documents.
relevant to their assignment. Hands-on training is then provided by experienced staff.
New employees are monitored during their initial days or weeks on the job. Employees
are allowed to work on their own once it has been verified that they are performing their
job satisfactorily. Depending on the position (Figure 1), the respective manager is
responsible for ensuring that training is sufficient. Employee performance is monitored
throughout the year; findings and recommendations are documented in an annual
performance review. Any need for additional training is documented in the written
performance review.

Procedures and processes sometimes change. When such changes occur, the affected staff
members receive additional training in the new procedures, and the relevant SOP and TI
documents are amended. The respective manager is responsible for identifying when
additional training is needed, determining the best training mechanism/approach, and for
arranging/scheduling the training.

6.3. Certification

Each person working in the laboratory must complete all relevant laboratory safety
courses administered by the UC Davis Environmental Health and Safety Department.
Each employee is issued a certificate of completion after successfully taking the course.

7. PROCUREMENT OF ITEMS AND SERVICES

All purchases made by the AQRC must conform to UC Davis procurement policies,
including use of competitive bids when appropriate.

8. RECORDS AND DOCUMENTATION

The Principal Investigator is responsible for ensuring documentation requirements are
met, working closely with managers from different work areas as identified in Section
4.3. This section provides an overview of documentation and recordkeeping.

8.1. Document Hierarchy and Process

8.1.1. Hierarchy

Beyond this QMP, the associated CSN QAPP, SOPs, and TIs provide procedures and
direction for each process performed, including guiding principles for monitoring and
ensuring data quality. For some activities, TIs are used to provide highly detailed
descriptions and instructions. The TI documents are referenced in the SOPs in order to
provide a link to detailed information that is beyond the scope of the SOPs. Because they
are referenced in the SOPs, the TI documents can be edited to reflect new procedures
without the need to edit the SOP itself.

Ongoing log books and recordkeeping serve to document the day-to-day laboratory
operations. Log books are used to document laboratory activities such as performing a
calibration or filling the liquid nitrogen dewar. Electronic information in the database
records the analytical conditions associated with each sample analysis.
8.1.2. Document Creation and Review Process

The creation, revision, and review of the CSN QAPP, SOPs and TIs is the responsibility of the Principal Investigator, working closely with managers from different work areas as identified in Section 4.3. The respective managers ensure that each function or procedure is covered in an SOP and its related TI documents. When equipment or procedures change, the manager is responsible for ensuring that documentation including this QMP and CSN QAPP is updated accordingly. All documents are reviewed and updated annually.

8.2. Deposition and Storage of Documents and Records

Notebooks are created and maintained by each section of the laboratory. These notebooks are uniquely numbered and associated with specific instruments in each laboratory. The notebooks are intended for general comments and notes as well as for documentation of laboratory activities such as calibrations, instrument adjustments, and instrument repairs. The Laboratory Group Manager is responsible for notebook review and archiving.

The electronic data system utilized by AQRC is described in Section 9.

All documentation, both electronic and written, is retained for at least five years from the date that it was generated.

9. COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND HARDWARE

Computers and computer-related hardware are used in most phases of data collection, processing, and analysis. AQRC has an Information Technology (IT) manager who is responsible for the overall operation of the computer system and for performing nightly backups of all data. The Software & Analysis Group Manager is responsible for the database and for the code used to process the data and perform quality control assessments.

To accommodate the large number of samples from IMPROVE and CSN, AQRC has developed a sample handling and tracking system designed around a SQL-based relational database. The system is associated with work stations, each having a specific responsibility, including gravimetric, light absorption, carbon, and XRF analyses. The software:

- Records a log of every action at each workstation including identification of the technician, date, and other appropriate information.
- Maintains an audit trail for each filter. The status of any filter can be determined at any time.
- Performs immediate quality assurance checks of all data entered and notes any problems.
- Verifies that all steps for a given filter have been performed.
- Expedites and improves the data reduction and data validation processes of the final data set.
The sample identity information for each sample, including the time and location of sample collection, are maintained in the SQL database. Each PANalytical XRF instrument has an independent database for storing analytical data during and after analysis. Data from the PANalytical systems are downloaded to the AQRC data system on a regular basis, usually daily.

AQRC includes a centralized computer system with thin client monitors connected to a central server. The thin client system allows all data to be stored and accessed centrally in a common location. The AQRC data system is backed up daily to guard against data loss in case of failure.

10. PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION OF WORK PROCESS

The analysis of samples by XRF, HIPS, TOA, and gravimetric mass determination, and associated data processing and validation is typically performed using routine, established methods developed for IMPROVE and CSN. The day-to-day operations consist of implementing established procedures, not of planning and developing new ones.

However, unusual samples require planning prior to analysis, especially to ensure that analytical detection limits are sufficient to quantify the sample components. The Laboratory Group Manager identifies the need for further planning and leads the planning efforts. For XRF, in particular, several instrumental variables (such as choice of secondary targets and exposure time) can be adjusted to optimize the detection limit. Some initial screening analysis is often needed as part of the analytical planning process, which can bound the issue and aid in definition of variables.

11. IMPLEMENTATION OF WORK

Most of the samples analyzed at the AQRC laboratories are part of IMPROVE and CSN. Implementation of sample analysis is guided by the Quality Assurance Project Plans (QAPP) that describe the process and work performed for each program. Specific procedures for XRF, HIPS, TOA, and gravimetric analysis, as well as data processing and validation, are described in the SOPs and related TI documents.

For samples not related to IMPROVE or CSN a project-specific plan is prepared prior to sample analysis. These project plans are typically much shorter and simpler than the IMPROVE and CSN QAPPs since most of the projects involve a small number of samples. The most complex aspect of the implementation of special-project sample analysis is determination of the custom target/time application for XRF.

12. DATA QUALITY ASSESSMENTS

12.1. Independent Assessments
This section describes the quality-related assessment and reporting activities. As described in Section 4.4, U.S. EPA OAQPS conducts the independent assessments of the laboratory through Technical System Audits (TSAs) and Performance Evaluations (PEs).

TSAs are conducted by the U.S. EPA OAQPS or by an assigned audit contractor. The auditors will examine all aspects of operations to determine if processes and quality assurance systems being implemented are in alignment with the laboratory SOPs, TI documents, and with program requirements. TSA results are submitted to the Principal Investigator, Program Manager, and CSN QA Manager.

OAQPS also conducts performance evaluations. OAQPS submits PE samples to AQRC for laboratory analysis. The PE samples for gravimetric mass typically include certified metal weights as well as exposed and unexposed (blank) PTFE filters. The PE samples for XRF, HIPS, and TOA typically include exposed and unexposed (blank) PTFE filters. OAQPS provides a report to the Principal Investigator, Program Manager, and CSN QA Manager which includes values determined by OAQPS and AQRC with discussion of agreement between the two laboratories.

12.2. Internal Assessments

Frequent and ongoing assessments of the AQRC systems and processes are conducted internally. Quality control (QC) tests associated with these assessments are described in the SOP and TI documents and in the QAPP. These assessments are initiated and directed by the Laboratory Group Manager. The results are reviewed by the Principal Investigator and CSN QA Manager.

13. QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

A variety of quality control tests are conducted routinely, including calibration checks, replicate analyses, and analysis of field blanks and laboratory blanks. The data from these tests are analyzed regularly by the Laboratory Group Manager and by other staff. The results are summarized in the Annual Data Quality Report and in special memoranda when unexpected results merit more timely attention.

In most instances the quality control tests verify that operations are normal, and that data quality is within acceptable limits. However, on occasion data quality may exceed the limits or may drift toward unacceptable levels. In those cases, action is taken to improve data quality by altering procedures or by rectifying an identified problem. The Laboratory Group Manager has primary responsibility for identifying the need for improvements in data quality.

An additional form of quality improvement includes AQRC staff assessment to the approach for estimating and expressing the uncertainty of the air quality measurements. This work has revealed that the older method of building uncertainties from the “ground up” using the uncertainties of the measurements’ individual components can significantly underestimate the actual measurement uncertainty. Instead, AQRC staff employ an
approach for determining uncertainty from collocated measurements, providing a more realistic and reliable estimate of the total uncertainty.

For data validation, automated processes have been developed to reduce subjectivity and semi-quantitative evaluations of plots and tables that were previously used for data validation. Statistical tests and geospatial analyses are available to the data analysts via web applications that enable expeditious data validation prior to data deliveries. These practices are in a continuous state of improvement and are documented in the associated SOP and TI documents.

14. REFERENCES


All UC Davis IMPROVE SOPs are located:
http://vista.cira.colostate.edu/improve/Publications/SOPs/ucdsop.asp

All UC Davis CSN SOPs are located:
https://aqrc.ucdavis.edu/documentation