

## CSN 2022 Site Report: La Casa (CO)

## AQS ID: 08-031-0026, POC 5 (39.77949, -105.00518) 1-in-3 Day Schedule

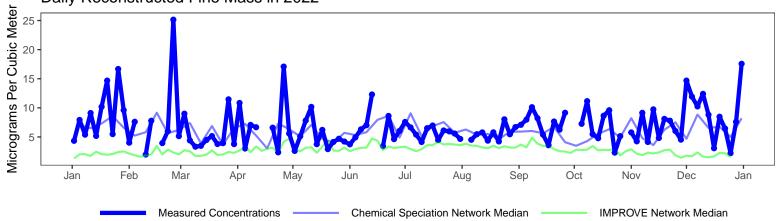
The Chemical Speciation Network (CSN) is a routine air monitoring network designed to complement the  $PM_{2.5}$  monitoring network; support the implementation of  $PM_{2.5}$  National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS); assist in developing and tracking emission control strategies; and provide data to aid in health studies. CSN sites are primarily located in urban areas and complement the largely rural Interagency Monitoring of PROtected Visual Environments (IMPROVE) network. The CSN target analytes are trace elements, ions, and carbon.

Percent of Samples	Successfully Collected	and Analyzed Per Year

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
95	97	94	89	97	79	95	98	96	96	96

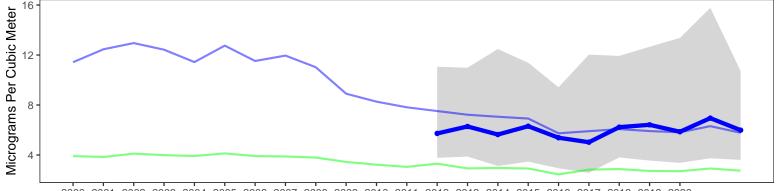
Samples Successfully Collected and Analyzed in 2022 by Filter Type. PTFE: 116 (95.1%), Nylon: 115 (94.3%), Quartz: 119 (97.5%)

The plots below show temporal trends for site 08-031-0026 alongside network-wide CSN and IMPROVE average concentrations. The top plot shows the variability of the reconstructed fine mass (RFM) concentrations during 2022; RFM can only be calculated if all three filters collected on a sampling day are valid. The bottom plot illustrates the long-term trends of ambient concentrations; the gray shaded region represents the range of values measured each year at this site, illustrated using the 10<sup>th</sup> and 90<sup>th</sup> percentile values. **Daily Reconstructed Fine Mass in 2022** 



Long–Term Trends in Reconstructed Fine Mass

Missing years are due to low number of RFM values.



2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

## More Information

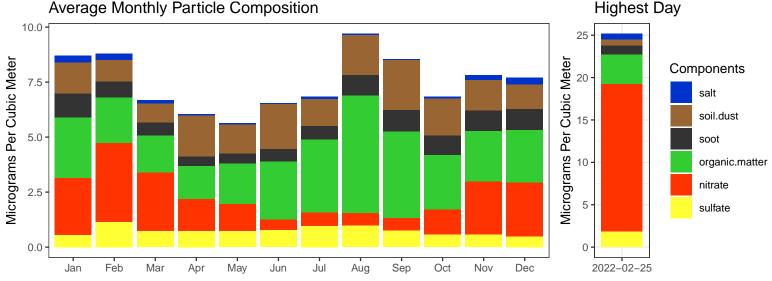
To view and download CSN data: https://www.epa.gov/outdoor-air-quality-data

EPA website with guidance documents and background information: https://www.epa.gov/amtic/chemical-speciation-network-csn EPA real-time air monitoring data: https://www.airnow.gov/

Univ. of California, Davis website with information about current research and publications: https://aqrc.ucdavis.edu/csn The Colorado State Univ. website with data resources, literature, and visibility overviews: http://vista.cira.colostate.edu/improve/



The following plots summarize the chemical composition of particles collected at this site. The monthly averaged compositions calculated from 2018-2022 data are shown on the left while compositions for the day with the highest measured concentrations during 2022 are shown on the right.



Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	2022-02-25	
Components	Cal	culatio	n			Natural Sources					Anthropogenic Sources		
Salt	$1.8 \cdot Chloride$					Ocean spray, dry lakebeds				C	Chemical manufacturing, lake consumption		
Soil Dust	$2.2 \cdot Al + 2.49 \cdot Si + 1.63 \cdot Ca$				Soil resuspension, dust storms				ns Co	Construction, agriculture, deforestation,			
	$+2.42 \cdot Fe + 1.94 \cdot Ti$				long-range transport				ur	unpaved roads			
Soot	Elemental Carbon				Wildfires				Μ	Motor vehicles, wood burning, smoking			
Organic Matter	$1.4 \cdot Organic \ Carbon$				Plants, animals, wildfires				Μ	Motor vehicles, cooking oils, household cleaners			
Nitrate	$1.29 \cdot Nitrate$				Plants, animals				Fe	Fertilizer, stock yards, chemical manufacturing			
Sulfate	$4.125 \cdot Sulfur$					Volcanism				Co	Coal-fired power plants, chemical manufacturing		

The following map shows the average RFM concentrations for nearby sites in both CSN and the rural IMPROVE Network. The point shapes indicate which network the sites are associated with. The color bar indicates the average annual RFM concentration (micrograms per cubic meter) measured at each site in 2022.

