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UCD CSN Technical Information #302A

LN2 Fills and Detector Calibrations

Chemical Speciation Network Air Quality Research Center University of California, Davis

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1. PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY

The purpose of this technical instruction (TI) is to describe the procedure used for the liquid nitrogen (LN2) fill and detector calibration for the Epsilon 5 instruments.

2. SUMMARY OF THE METHOD

The Epsilon 5 instruments use LN2 to cool the PAN-32 Ge X-Ray Detector. LN2 fills for each Epsilon are performed on a weekly basis. Several hours after the LN2 fill is completed, detector calibration is performed for each instrument.

3. **DEFINITIONS**

Not Applicable.

4. HEALTH AND SAFETY WARNINGS

Not applicable.

5. CAUTIONS

LN2 dewar must be handled with care in ventilated rooms. Wear a face shield and safety glasses, safety gloves, and a laboratory coat when performing liquid nitrogen fills. For more information, see section 3.3.3, "Liquid Nitrogen Handling," in the Epsilon 5 EDXRF Spectrometer System User's Guide.

6. INTERFERENCES

Not applicable.

7. PERSONNEL QUALIFICATIONS, DUTIES, AND TRAINING

Only trained lab personnel designated by the Laboratory Manager may perform LN2 fills. A course offered on the UC Davis campus, "Safe Use of Cryogenic Liquids," is highly recommended (http://safetyservices.ucdavis.edu/tr/cd/suoclcd).

8. EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES

- •Liquid nitrogen tank
- •Liquid nitrogen tubing
- Adapter
- Timer
- •Safety glasses and face shield
- •Cryogenic Safety gloves
- •Laboratory coat

9. PROCEDURAL STEPS

9.1 Epsilon 5 LN2 Fill

The detector in the Epsilon 5 (E5) must be cooled with LN2. To keep the level of LN2 consistent the dewar is filled on a weekly basis. Under special circumstances such as holidays, the dewar can be filled on a different schedule with prior Laboratory Manager approval.

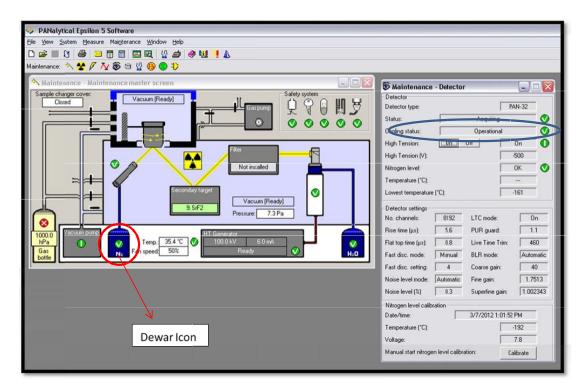


Figure 1: Maintenance Master Screen and Detector Maintenance window.

1. The E5 has several potential values for "Cooling status" that are displayed on the Maintenance screen (Figure 1, circled in blue). The statuses include Pre-Operational, Operational, Long Grace, Short Grace, Filling Allowed, Cooling, and Forced Heat-Up. Ensure that the detector state is not in Forced Heat-Up

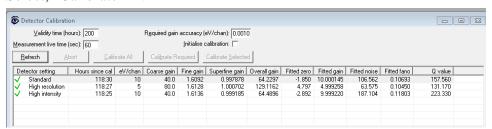
prior to filling the dewar with LN2. Check this by clicking on the picture of the LN2 dewar (Figure 1, circled in red). Refer to section 9.4 Detector states for additional information.

- 2. Open the LN2 fill access door on the right-hand side of the Epsilon 5.
- 3. Connect the LN2 tubing to the adapter.
- 4. Connect the tubing to the LN2 tank, and then carefully insert the adapter into the E5 dewar.
- 5. Slowly open the valve on the LN2 tank while ensuring that the line from the LN2 tank into the dewar fill tube does not come apart. In addition, start the timer the moment the valve to the LN2 tank is open.
- 6. Note the time required to fill the dewar and the temperature of the cabinet in the corresponding logbook. Also, create a new entry with the same information in the Microsoft Access logbook on the desktop.

9.2 Epsilon 5 Detector Calibration

Before starting the detector calibration, abort analysis. No sample can be running during detector calibration, as the tungsten (W) underside of the beamstop is utilized to perform the measurements. The software automatically performs the energy calibration calculations.

- 1. Click on the "System" drop-down menu, then "Detector Calibration."
- 2. Select, "Calibrate All."



- 3. When detector calibration is completed, click the "Detector Calibration window" to activate window. Then using the keyboard "Ctrl +P", verify the data is set to "copy to the clipboard" in a "delimited" format, click on "OK". Open the desktop folder named "Detector and LN Calibrations." Then open the excel sheet called EpsilonName_ Detector and LN Calibrations. Paste the corresponding numbers at the bottom of the data set based on their respective setting.
- 4. Review the graphs and verify all the values are within the acceptable limits, see Figure 2, Detector Calibration, below as an example. If the values exceed the acceptable limits, repeat detector calibrations (Step 2 above).

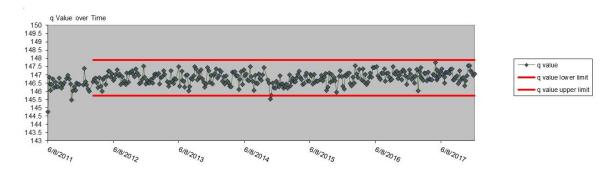


Figure 2: Detector Calibrations Graph, q value over Time

- 5. If the values are normal, continue to step 6 below. If the values exceed the acceptable limits, a second time then continue to 9.3 Resolution Test.
- 6. In the Epsilon 5 software, copy the screen using the "Snipping Tool," then open the folder "Detector and LN Calibrations." Type the date and press "CNTRL+V" to paste the screen shot. Save and close the file.
- 7. In the Epsilon Software, close the sub-windows for the detector and the detector calibrations.

9.3 Resolution Test

The purpose of the resolution test is to measure the full width half max (fwhm) of Mn K α line. The manufacturer specifies the resolution is better than 140 (fwhm < 140 eV). The resolution test is important because the detector must be able to separate two neighboring peaks within the spectra.

Only approved personnel may perform the resolution test. Check with Lab Manager and/or Spectroscopist.

- 1. Verify the Resolution application has been installed on the instrument. Notify the Spectroscopist if the application needs to be created.
- 2. Locate petri slide containing the Mn pellet.
- 3. Select the Resolution test application
- 4. Go to "Add Measurement" then type "Mn fused bead 402300074331" in SampleID.
- 5. Place the Mn pellet in a stainless steel cup. Next load to the instrument.
- 6. Queue the sample for analysis.
- 7. To review the results, open the resolution test application.
- 8. Highlight the result file and open the spectra window. To view the spectra select the spectra button on the lower right hand corner.

9. Check the fwhm value in the lower left corner, see Figure 3.

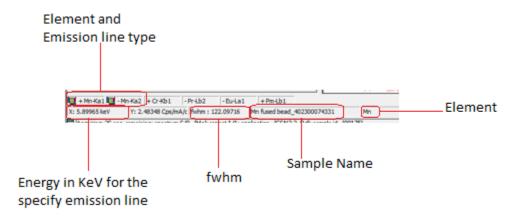


Figure 3: Resolution test information.

- 10. Verify the energy for Mn K α has not shifted. As mentioned above the energy calibration is automatic, a shift is not expected.
- 11. Notify the Laboratory Manager and spectroscopist of the resolution test results.

9.4 Epsilon 5 Detector Cooling Status

The different detector cooling statuses which may be encountered by the user of Epsilon 5 during operation, are briefly described. The user software displays the cooling status in the detector maintenance window, see figure 1.

Filling allowed: The detector is 'warm'. Both the LN2 level sensor, and the detector temperature are at room temperature for at least one hour. It is allowed to start filling with LN2.

Cooling: After the LN2 level sensor has detected more than 20 degrees temperature decrease due to filling the dewar, one has to wait for 6 hours before switching on the detector high tension in order to allow the crystal and the FET to cool down to -178°C.

Pre-operational: The system is available for normal use. As the LN2 consumption is not yet constant, it can warm up a little quicker than expected.

Operational: The system is available for normal use.

Short grace period: The system is available for normal use. Please refill LN2 as soon as possible. There are 75 hours (3 days) left to refill the dewar.

Long grace: The system is available for normal use. Please refill LN2 as soon as possible. There are 100 hours (4 days) left to refill the dewar.

Forced heat-up: The detector crystal has to be brought to room temperature. This can be done just waiting for the state 'filling allowed', which can be rather time consuming. Acceleration of this procedure can be achieved by blowing with dry air into the liquid nitrogen fill opening.

10. QUALITY ASSURANCE AND QUALITY CONTROL

Not applicable.

11. REFERENCES

Not applicable.